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SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

MATHEMATICS

Course Title

MTH 367-3

Code No.:

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY (YEAR 3)

Program:

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Semester

OCTOBER, 1985

Date:

J. REAL

Author

New: Revision:

APPROVED

Date M

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MATHEMATICS MTH 367-3..ELTY

COURSE NAME COURSE NUMBER

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

When the student has successfully completed this course he/she will have demonstrated an acceptable understanding of the course material as listed elsewhere.

The student should then be able to apply this knowledge in his/her studies o other courses in the program where these are applications of these mathemati< concepts.

Upon graduation, the student should be able to develop a good command of this subject matter through additional practice.

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD);

The student will be assessed by written tests only. There will be periodic topic tests at times mutually agreed upon (usually) by students and instruct<
A letter grade will be assigned for the student's progress report based upon weighted average of the student's test results.

See also the Mathematic's departments annual publication "To The Mathematica Student" which is presented to the students early in each academic year-

TEXTBOOK(S):

CALCULUS FOR ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY; W. R. Blakeley

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MTH367-3

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY

т∩рт	IC NO	PUUTAAU	TOPIC DESCRIPTION	REFERE
1011		THREEDS	TOTTE BESCRIFTION	
	1	15	Methods of Integration Substitution, partial fractions, trigonometric identities, trigonometric and hyperbolic substitution, integration by parts, table of integrals.	Blakel Ch. 13
	2	9	Parital Derivatives Functions with more than one independent variable, higher order partial derivatives, total differentials, total derivative and application to rates, electronic application.	Blakel Ch. 14
5	3	15	Differential Equations Solution by direct integration, method of superposition, transients in PL and PC circuits, separation of	Blakel Ch. 16

Solution by direct integration, method of superposition, transients in RL and RC circuits, separation of variables, exact equations, use of integrating factors, homogeneous equations, linear equations-